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        FEB 16
                 STN Express Maintenance Release, Version 8.4.2, Is
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        FEB 16
                 Derwent World Patents Index (DWPI) Revises Indexing
                 of Author Abstracts
        FEB 16
                 New FASTA Display Formats Added to USGENE and PCTGEN
NEWS
                 INPADOCDB and INPAFAMDB Enriched with New Content
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                 and Features
NEWS
     8 FEB 16
                 INSPEC Adding Its Own IPC codes and Author's E-mail
                 Addresses
                 CAS Registry Number Crossover Limits Increased to
        APR 02
NEWS
                 500,000 in Key STN Databases
        APR 02
                 PATDPAFULL: Application and priority number formats
NEWS 10
                 enhanced
NEWS 11
        APR 02
                 DWPI: New display format ALLSTR available
NEWS 12
        APR 02
                 New Thesaurus Added to Derwent Databases for Smooth
                 Sailing through U.S. Patent Codes
NEWS 13
         APR 02
                 EMBASE Adds Unique Records from MEDLINE, Expanding
                 Coverage back to 1948
        APR 07
                 CA/CAplus CLASS Display Streamlined with Removal of
NEWS 14
                 Pre-IPC 8 Data Fields
                 50,000 World Traditional Medicine (WTM) Patents Now
NEWS 15
         APR 07
                 Available in CAplus
NEWS 16
        APR 07 MEDLINE Coverage Is Extended Back to 1947
```

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 6 APR 2010 HIGHEST RN 1217295-43-6 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 6 APR 2010 HIGHEST RN 1217295-43-6

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 8, 2010.

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http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

=> s 15214-89-8/RN

L1 1 15214-89-8/RN

 \Rightarrow s 27119-07-9

L2 1 27119-07-9 (27119-07-9/RN)

=> s L1 AND L2

L3 0 L1 AND L2

=> d scan L1

L1 1 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 1-Propanesulfonic acid, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-

MF C7 H13 N O4 S

CI COM

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

^{**}PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT**

=> d scan L2

```
REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
L2
     1 ANSWERS
ΙN
     1-Propanesulfonic acid, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-,
     homopolymer
MF
     (C7 H13 N O4 S)x
CI
     PMS, COM
     CM 1
       0
   NH-C-CH=CH_2
Me-C-CH2-SO3H
   Me
**PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT**
ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED
=> s 2-acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid
      39264409 2
          4009 ACRYLAMIDO
      39264409 2
           829 METHYLPROPANESULFONIC
      12973765 ACID
          8597 ACIDS
      12979971 ACID
                 (ACID OR ACIDS)
L4
           778 2-ACRYLAMIDO-2-METHYLPROPANESULFONIC ACID
                 (2(W) ACRYLAMIDO(W) 2(W) METHYLPROPANESULFONIC(W) ACID)
=> s "2-acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid"
      39264409 "2"
          4009 "ACRYLAMIDO"
      39264409 "2"
           829 "METHYLPROPANESULFONIC"
      12973765 "ACID"
          8597 "ACIDS"
      12979971 "ACID"
                 ("ACID" OR "ACIDS")
           778 "2-ACRYLAMIDO-2-METHYLPROPANESULFONIC ACID"
L5
                 ("2"(W)"ACRYLAMIDO"(W)"2"(W)"METHYLPROPANESULFONIC"(W)"ACID")
=> s stearyl methacrylate
          3125 STEARYL
         57393 METHACRYLATE
            12 METHACRYLATES
         57393 METHACRYLATE
                 (METHACRYLATE OR METHACRYLATES)
L6
           959 STEARYL METHACRYLATE
```

(STEARYL (W) METHACRYLATE)

=> s stearyl (A) methacrylate

3125 STEARYL

57393 METHACRYLATE

12 METHACRYLATES

57393 METHACRYLATE

(METHACRYLATE OR METHACRYLATES)

L7 1055 STEARYL (A) METHACRYLATE

=> s 112-08-3/RN

L8 1 112-08-3/RN

=> d scan L8

L8 1 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octadecyl ester

MF C22 H42 O2

CI COM

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

$$=> s 9003-49-0/RN$$

1 9003-49-0/RN

=> d scan L9

L9 1 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 2-Propenoic acid, butyl ester, homopolymer

MF (C7 H12 O2)x

CI PMS, COM

CM 1

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH----} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

=> s n-butyl acrylate 16339039 N 2417361 BUTYL 10 BUTYLS 2417361 BUTYL

(BUTYL OR BUTYLS)

88947 ACRYLATE

55 ACRYLATES

88947 ACRYLATE

(ACRYLATE OR ACRYLATES)

L10 398 N-BUTYL ACRYLATE

(N(W)BUTYL(W)ACRYLATE)

=> s acrylic acid

50784 ACRYLIC

1 ACRYLICS

50784 ACRYLIC

(ACRYLIC OR ACRYLICS)

12973765 ACID

8597 ACIDS

12979971 ACID

(ACID OR ACIDS)

L11 49972 ACRYLIC ACID

(ACRYLIC(W)ACID)

=> s methylene-bis-acrylamide

2192523 METHYLENE

3 METHYLENES

2192523 METHYLENE

(METHYLENE OR METHYLENES)

4092809 BIS

2 BISES

4092809 BIS

(BIS OR BISES)

19830 ACRYLAMIDE

L12 1573 METHYLENE-BIS-ACRYLAMIDE

(METHYLENE(W)BIS(W)ACRYLAMIDE)

=> file caplus

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 Apr 2010 (20100406/ED)

REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Feb 2010

USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Feb 2010

CAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the first quarter of 2010.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at: http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. => d hist (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:04:56 ON 07 APR 2010) FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:05:09 ON 07 APR 2010 L1 1 S 15214-89-8/RN L2 1 S 27119-07-9 L3 0 S L1 AND L2 778 S 2-ACRYLAMIDO-2-METHYLPROPANESULFONIC ACID L4778 S "2-ACRYLAMIDO-2-METHYLPROPANESULFONIC ACID" L5 959 S STEARYL METHACRYLATE L6 L7 1055 S STEARYL (A) METHACRYLATE 1 S 112-08-3/RN L8 L9 1 S 9003-49-0/RN L10 398 S N-BUTYL ACRYLATE L11 49972 S ACRYLIC ACID L12 1573 S METHYLENE-BIS-ACRYLAMIDE FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:14:15 ON 07 APR 2010 => s L4 AND (L6 OR L10) 6403 L4 3259 L6 27780 L10 L13 264 L4 AND (L6 OR L10) => s L13 and emulsion 230581 EMULSION 140980 EMULSIONS 280042 EMULSION (EMULSION OR EMULSIONS) L14 69 L13 AND EMULSION => s L14 and cosmetic 78352 COSMETIC 78960 COSMETICS 105791 COSMETIC (COSMETIC OR COSMETICS) L15 3 L14 AND COSMETIC => d L15 1-3 al1L15 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN 2006:1253190 CAPLUS ΑN DN 146:12633 ΕD Entered STN: 01 Dec 2006 ΤI Oil-in-water emulsion composition and its cosmetic use ΙN Fonolla Moreno, Angeles L'Oreal, Fr. PAFr. Demande, 21pp. SO CODEN: FRXXBL DTPatent LA French

62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

CC

```
FAN.CNT 1
              KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
   PATENT NO.
    _____
                                                      _____
  FR 2886152
FR 2886152
                   A1 20061201 FR 2005-51410 20050530
                    B1 20070810
PRAI FR 2005-51410
                         20050530
CLASS
            CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
PATENT NO.
_____
[I,A]; A61K0008-30 [I,C*]; A61K0834-00 [I,A];
                   A61K0008-06 [I,A]; A61K0008-04 [I,C*]; A61P0017-00
                   [I,A]; A61Q0019-00 [I,A]; A61Q0005-00 [I,A];
                   A61Q0001-14 [I,A]
              IPCR A61K0031-17 [I,C]; A61K0031-17 [I,A]; A61K0008-04
                   [I,C]; A61K0008-06 [I,A]; A61K0008-30 [I,C];
                   A61K0008-40 [I,A]; A61K0008-72 [I,C]; A61K0008-72
                   [I,A]; A61P0017-00 [I,C]; A61P0017-00 [I,A];
                   A61Q0001-14 [I,C]; A61Q0001-14 [I,A]; A61Q0005-00
                   [I,C]; A61Q0005-00 [I,A]; A61Q0019-00 [I,C];
                   A61Q0019-00 [I,A]
              ECLA
                   A61K008/34D; A61K008/58C; A61K008/81K4; A61K008/81K6;
                   A61Q019/00
OS
   MARPAT 146:12633
AΒ
   A composition for topical application, in the form of oil-in-water
    emulsion, comprises an oily phase dispersed in an aqueous phase,
```

- AB A composition for topical application, in the form of oil-in-water emulsion, comprises an oily phase dispersed in an aqueous phase, characterized in that it contains (i) more than 10% of oily phase, (ii) at least 5% of one or more polyols, (iii) at least a tetrapolymer made of methacrylic acid, Me methacrylate, Bu acrylate, and (C16-20 alkyl meth)acrylate (such as Allianz OPT) and (iv) at least a homopolymer comprising 2-acrylamido-2-methylpropane sulfonic acid (such as Hostacerin AMPS). The compns. present good cosmetic qualities and moisturize the skin very well. The compns. are used for the care, the make-up removal and/or the cleaning of skin or hair. A cosmetic emulsion contained Parleam oil 2, Prisorine-3644 4, caprylic/capric triglyceride 5, cyclomethicone 6, apricot kernel oil 1.5, Synthetic wax 3, methylpraben 0.25, butylparaben 0.2, caprylylglycol 0.3, vitamin E 0.5, Abil Wax-9800 2, Allianz OPT 1.2, Hostacerin AMPS 1.8, glycerin 6.5, propylene glycol 2.5, Hydrovance 2, triethanolamine 0.05, silica 0.1, plastic powder 0.3, Rosa gallica 0.5, L-2-oxathiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid 0.8, and water q.s. 100%.
- ST cosmetic emulsion acrylic polymer polyol
- IT Cosmetic emulsions

Hair preparations

Skin cleansers

Skin cleansers

(oil-in-water emulsion composition and its cosmetic use)

IT Carbohydrates, biological studies

Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (oil-in-water emulsion composition and its cosmetic use)

IT Alcohols, biological studies

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (polyhydric; oil-in-water emulsion composition and its cosmetic use)

IT 50-70-4, Sorbitol, biological studies 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies 79-41-4D, Methacrylic acid, copolymers with acrylic esters 80-62-6D, Methyl methacrylate, copolymers with acrylic esters 141-32-2D, Butyl acrylate, copolymers with acrylic esters 2495-27-4D, Cetyl methacrylate, copolymers with acrylic esters 2568-33-4, Isoprene glycol 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol 32360-05-7D, Stearyl methacrylate, copolymers with acrylic esters 48076-38-6D, Eicosyl

acrylate, copolymers with acrylic esters 121601-24-9. 609369-80-4, Allianz OPT Hostacerin AMPS RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (oil-in-water emulsion composition and its cosmetic use) RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD CITED REFERENCES

- (1) Keenan, A; US 2002061322 A1 2002
- (2) Lorant, R; US 2002006419 A1 2002 CAPLUS
- (3) Rohm & Haas; EP 1273286 A 2003 CAPLUS
- L15 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
- 2004:748348 CAPLUS ΑN
- DN 142:378882
- ED Entered STN: 14 Sep 2004
- ΤI Application of film forming polymers in skin care, cosmetics, hair care, mascaras, nail care, and other personal care applications
- Ugazio, Stephane; Stadelmann, Viktor; Duccini, Yves ΑU
- CS Rohm and Haas Company, UK
- Research Disclosure (2004), 484(Aug.), P1046 (No. 484006) SO CODEN: RSDSBB; ISSN: 0374-4353
- PB Kenneth Mason Publications Ltd.
- DTJournal; Patent
- LA English
- CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
ΡI	RD 484006		20040810	RD 2004-484006	20040810	
PRAI	RD 2004-484006		20040810			

AΒ The Rohm and Haas Company synthesizes and manufs. a variety of film forming polymers for use on personal care, such as hair fixative and styling polymers, nail coatings, as well as all types of industrial applications. These polymers consist of ethylenically unsatd. monomers polymerized to a mol. weight greater than about 25,000. These polymers can be synthesized in any way, but most likely as a solution polymerization in water

or organic solvent, or in water as an emulsion polymerization, or as an inverse emulsion polymerization They can be used in all types of skin care formulations, antiperspirant/deodorant formulations, mascaras, lipstick, nail care, cosmetic foundations, sunscreens, shaving products, depilatories, and skin lotions. These polymers can be imbibed with actives, such as vitamins, fragrances, enzymes, for the purpose of controlling or triggering their release to the skin or the environment.

ST polymer skin cosmetic hair

ΤT Cosmetics

> (application of film forming polymers in skin care, cosmetics , hair care, mascaras, nail care, and other personal care applications)

ΙT Hair preparations

> (fixatives; application of film forming polymers in skin care, cosmetics, hair care, mascaras, nail care, and other personal care applications)

ΙT Cosmetics

(mascaras; application of film forming polymers in skin care, cosmetics, hair care, mascaras, nail care, and other personal care applications)

ΙT Cosmetics

(nail lacquers; application of film forming polymers in skin care, cosmetics, hair care, mascaras, nail care, and other personal care applications)

9003-01-4, Polyacrylic acid 9003-05-8, Polyacrylamide ΙT 9003-21-8, Polymethylacrylate 9003-32-1, Polyethyl acrylate 9003-49-0, Polybutyl acrylate 9003-53-6, Polystyrene 9003-63-8, Polybutyl

```
methacrylate 9003-77-4, Polyethylhexylacrylate 9011-14-7, Polymethyl
    methacrylate 9086-85-5, Polyhydroxypropyl methacrylate
    15214-89-8 25014-41-9, Polyacrylonitrile 25087-26-7,
    Polymethacrylic acid 25119-64-6, Polyitaconic acid 25249-16-5
    25639-21-8, Polystearyl methacrylate 25719-52-2, Polylauryl
    methacrylate 25852-47-5, Polyethylene glycol methacrylate 25986-77-0,
    Polystearyl acrylate 26022-14-0, Polyhydroxyethyl acrylate 26246-92-4,
    Polylauryl acrylate 26570-48-9, Polyethylene glycol acrylate
    50851-57-5 62501-03-5, Polyhydroxypropyl acrylate 125591-06-2
    154116-66-2, Polynorbornyl methacrylate 849408-02-2 849408-03-3,
    Polynorbornyl acrylate
    RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
       (application of film forming polymers in skin care, cosmetics
       , hair care, mascaras, nail care, and other personal care applications)
L15 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
    2000:167486 CAPLUS
AN
   132:185256
DN
    Entered STN: 15 Mar 2000
ED
    Cosmetic compositions for photoprotection of skin and hair
ТΤ
    containing N-substituted benzazole derivatives and acrylic polymers
IN
    Candau, Didier
    Oreal S. A., Fr.
PΑ
SO
    Fr. Demande, 21 pp.
    CODEN: FRXXBL
DT
    Patent
LA
    French
IC
    ICM A61K007-40
    ICS A61K007-06
CC
    62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                        ______
  FR 2780280
                      A1 19991231 FR 1998-8163
                                                            19980626
    FR 2780280
                      B1 20010112
PRAI FR 1998-8163
                             19980626
CLASS
PATENT NO. CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
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FR 2780280
              IPCI A61K0007-40 [ICM, 6]; A61K0007-06 [ICS, 6]
               IPCR A61K0008-30 [I,C*]; A61K0008-49 [I,A]; A61Q0017-04
                     [I,C*]; A61Q0017-04 [I,A]
               ECLA A61Q017/04; A61K008/49F1
OS
    MARPAT 132:185256
    Cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing
AΒ
    N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers as thickening agents.
    A composition contained C12-15 alkyl benzoates 5, triethanolamine 0.7,
    2-(1-(2-ethylhexyl))benzimidazol-2-yl-benzothiazole 2.5, Parsol 1789 2,
    Uvinul N539 5, 30% acrylic acid-ethoxylated monostearyl itaconate
    (Structure 2001) 3.33, EDTa 0.1, glycerin 5, Mexoryl Sx 1, preservatives
    q.s., and water q.s. 100 q.
    skin cosmetic photoprotection benzazole deriv; acrylic polymer
ST
    skin cosmetic photoprotection benzazole
    Polyelectrolytes
ΙT
       (anionic; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and
       hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers)
    Antioxidants
ΙT
    Opacifiers
    Perfumes
    Preservatives
    Propellants (sprays and foams)
    Sequestering agents
```

Stabilizing agents Sunscreens Suntanning agents Surfactants Thickening agents (cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) ΙT Acids, biological studies Acrylic polymers, biological studies Bases, biological studies Fatty acids, biological studies Oxides (inorganic), biological studies Polymers, biological studies Polysiloxanes, biological studies Vitamins RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) ΤТ Cosmetics (creams; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) ΙT (dispersions; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) TT Cosmetics (emollients; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) ΤТ Cosmetics (emulsions; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) ΤТ Cosmetics (gels; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) ΤТ Carboxylic acids, biological studies RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (hydroxy; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) ΙT Cosmetics (lotions; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) ΤT (moisturizers; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) ΙT Solvents (organic; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) ΙT (powders; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) Cosmetics TΤ (solids; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) ΙT Cosmetics (sprays; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers) Hair preparations TT (sunscreens; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers)

Shampoos

69-72-7D, derivs. 76-22-2D, derivs. 79-10-7D, 2-Propenoic acid, ТТ C1-4-alkyl esters, polymers containing 79-41-4D, C1-C4-alkyl esters, polymers containing 119-61-9D, derivs. 141-32-2D, polymers with alkyl acrylates 150-13-0D, derivs. 606-84-8D, derivs. 621-82-9, biological studies 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide (ZnO), biological studies 1314-23-4, Zirconium oxide (ZrO2), biological studies 5466-77-3 6197-30-4 11129-18-3, Cerium oxide 12654-97-6D, Triazine, derivs. 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide (TiO2), biological studies 25035-82-9 26100-47-0 27119-07-9D, 2-acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic 27119-07-9D, neutralized 27274-31-3D, alkyl acid homopolymer ethers, polymers with acrylic acid derivs. 27503-81-7 28214-57-5 35429-19-7 40623-73-2D, neutralized 70356-09-1 75760-37-1 75760-38-2 81444-26-0 83120-95-0 92761-26-7 109292-17-3 138789-85-2, Pemulen TR 1 207912-79-6 207912-80-9 207912-81-0 207912-83-2 207912-84-3 207912-85-4 207912-88-7 207912-90-1 207912-91-2 207912-92-3 207912-97-8 207913-00-6 207913-01-7 207913-02-8 207913-06-2 211633-20-4 217087-71-3, Structure 2001 259535-29-0 259661-93-3 259661-95-5 259665-23-1 1191416-87-1 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers)

IT 24980-58-3

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(crosslinked; cosmetic compns. for photoprotection of skin and hair containing N-substituted benzazole derivs. and acrylic polymers)
RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE CITED REFERENCES

- (1) Anon; EP 0669323 A1 CAPLUS
- (2) Anon; EP 0722714 A2 CAPLUS
- (3) Anon; EP 0832641 A2 CAPLUS
- (4) Anon; EP 0843995 A2 CAPLUS

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22.59 151.16
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SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -2.55 -2.55

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Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:04:56 ON 07 APR 2010)
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L1
              1 S 15214-89-8/RN
L2
              1 S 27119-07-9
L3
              0 S L1 AND L2
L4
           778 S 2-ACRYLAMIDO-2-METHYLPROPANESULFONIC ACID
           778 S "2-ACRYLAMIDO-2-METHYLPROPANESULFONIC ACID"
L5
           959 S STEARYL METHACRYLATE
L6
L7
          1055 S STEARYL (A) METHACRYLATE
L8
              1 S 112-08-3/RN
L9
              1 S 9003-49-0/RN
L10
            398 S N-BUTYL ACRYLATE
L11
          49972 S ACRYLIC ACID
L12
           1573 S METHYLENE-BIS-ACRYLAMIDE
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:14:15 ON 07 APR 2010
            264 S L4 AND (L6 OR L10)
L13
L14
             69 S L13 AND EMULSION
L15
              3 S L14 AND COSMETIC
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:23:19 ON 07 APR 2010
\Rightarrow s (L4 AND (L6 OR L10))
           12 (L4 AND (L6 OR L10))
L16
=> d scan L16
L16 12 ANSWERS
                 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
```

IN 2-Propenoic acid, butyl ester, polymer with chloroethene, 2-hydroxypropyl
2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic
acid monosodium salt (9CI)

MF (C7 H13 N O4 S . C7 H12 O2 . C6 H10 O3 . C2 H3 C1 . Na)x

CI PMS

CM 1

Na

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{OH} & \text{O} \\ | & || \\ \text{Me-CH-CH}_2\text{-O-C-CH----} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 4

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):11

L16 12 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octadecyl ester, polymer with N,N'-methylenebis[2-propenamide], 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-prope-1-nyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-propenoic acid

MF (C22 H42 O2 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C7 H10 N2 O2 . C3 H4 O2)x

CI PMS

CM 1

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me- (CH}_2)_{17} - \text{O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CM 1

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-(CH}_2)_{17} - \text{O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CM 3

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{H}_2\text{C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-C-C-OMe} \end{array}$$

L16 12 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN IN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octadecyl ester, polymer with

N,N'-methylenebis[2-propenamide], 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-propenamide

MF (C22 H42 O2 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C7 H10 N2 O2 . C3 H5 N O)x

CI PMS

CM 1

$$$^{\rm O}_{\rm H_2}$$$
 Me $^{\rm CH_2}_{\rm 17}$ O $^{\rm C-}_{\rm C}$ Me

CM 2

CM 3

CM 4

L16 12 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octadecyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-propenamide

MF (C22 H42 O2 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C3 H5 N O) x

CI PMS

CM 1

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{(CH}_2)_{17} - \text{O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

L16 12 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octadecyl ester, polymer with ethyl 2-propenoate, N,N'-methylenebis[2-propenamide] and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid

MF (C22 H42 O2 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C7 H10 N2 O2 . C5 H8 O2)x

CI PMS

CM 1

$$$^{\rm O}_{\rm H2}$$$
 Me $^{\rm CH_2}$) 17 $^{\rm T}$ O $^{\rm CH_2}$ Me

CM 2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

L16 12 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with

N,N'-methylenebis[2-propenamide], 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and octadecyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate

MF (C22 H42 O2 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C7 H10 N2 O2 . C4 H6 O2)x

CI PMS

CM 1

$$$^{\rm O}_{\rm CH_2}$$$
 Me $^{\rm CH_2}_{\rm 17}$ O $^{\rm C-C-Me}$

CM 2

CM 3

CM 4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me--} \text{C---} \text{CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

L16 12 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octadecyl ester, polymer with diethenylbenzene, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-propenamide

MF (C22 H42 O2 . C10 H10 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C3 H5 N O)x

CI PMS

$$$^{\rm O}_{\rm CH_2}$$$
 Me $^{\rm CH_2}_{\rm 17}$ To C $^{\rm C-Me}_{\rm Me}$

CM 3

CM 4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{H}_2\text{N-C-CH----} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

L16 12 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octadecyl ester, polymer with ethyl
2-propenoate, N,N'-methylenebis[2-propenamide],
2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and
oxirane, graft

MF (C22 H42 O2 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C7 H10 N2 O2 . C5 H8 O2 . C2 H4 O)x

CI PMS

CM 1

$$$^{\rm O}_{\rm CH_2}$$$
 Me- (CH2)17-0-C-C-Me

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{EtO-C-CH----} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 4

CM 5



L16 12 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octadecyl ester, polymer with butyl
2-propenoate, N,N'-methylenebis[2-propenamide],
2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and
oxirane, graft

MF (C22 H42 \bullet 2 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C7 H12 O2 . C7 H10 N2 O2 . C2 H4 O)x CI PMS

CM 1

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me- (CH}_2)_{17} - \text{O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH----} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 4

CM 5



L16 12 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octadecyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI)

MF (C22 H42 O2 . C8 H8 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C7 H12 O2) x

CI PMS

CM 1

$$$^{\rm O}_{\rm H2}$$$
 Me $^{\rm CH_2}$) $_{17}$ – O $^{\rm C-C-C-Me}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH----} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 4

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

L16 12 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and octadecyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)

MF (C22 H42 O2 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C5 H8 O2)x

CI PMS

CM 1

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ || & || \\ \text{Me- (CH}_2)_{17} - \text{O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{H}_2\text{C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OMe} \end{array}$$

ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

=> file caplus		
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	2.94	154.10
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-2.55

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Apr 2010 VOL 152 ISS 15

FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 Apr 2010 (20100406/ED)

REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Feb 2010

USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Feb 2010

CAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the first quarter of 2010.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d hist

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:04:56 ON 07 APR 2010)

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1 S 112-08-3/RN
L8
1.9
             1 S 9003-49-0/RN
           398 S N-BUTYL ACRYLATE
T-10
          49972 S ACRYLIC ACID
L11
L12
          1573 S METHYLENE-BIS-ACRYLAMIDE
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:14:15 ON 07 APR 2010
           264 S L4 AND (L6 OR L10)
L13
L14
            69 S L13 AND EMULSION
L15
             3 S L14 AND COSMETIC
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:23:19 ON 07 APR 2010
L16
            12 S (L4 AND (L6 OR L10))
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:27:06 ON 07 APR 2010
=> s L16
            7 L16
T.17
=> d L17 1- ibib abs
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 7 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y
L17 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:8605 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        146:101639
                       Polymer thickeners for acidic aqueous systems
TITLE:
                       Zeng, Fanwen
INVENTOR(S):
                     Rohm and Haas Company, USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                       Eur. Pat. Appl., 15pp.
                        CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
                        English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
    EP 1739108
                       A1 20070103 EP 2006-252918
B1 20080423
                                                                20060606
     EP 1739108
        R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
            IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL,
            BA, HR, MK, YU
                        A1 20070104 US 2006-473794

A 20070104 KR 2006-58464

B1 20080104

A 20070201 JP 2006-177496
     US 20070004851 A1
     KR 2007001814
                                                                  20060628
    KR 791257
     JP 2007023275
                                                                  20060628
                                           US 2005-695198P P 20050629
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
    A polymer comprises 15-65% of sulfonic acid monomer residues, 15-70% of
     acrylamide residues, 2-20% of hydrophobic monomer residues, and 0.25-1.5%
     of crosslinker residues, the hydrophobic monomer being selected from alkyl
     (meth) acrylates, vinyl alkanoates, N-vinyl alkylamides, and N-alkyl
     (meth)acrylamides having C6-C25-alkyl groups. The polymer can be used as
     a viscosity modifier for aqueous compns. of low pH. Thus, a copolymer
     comprising acrylamide (32), 2-acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid
     (58), and stearyl methacrylate (10%) crosslinked with 1% of
     methylenebisacrylamide was prepared by radical suspension polymerization in
     tert-butanol.
                             THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1
                              (1 CITINGS)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        2
                              THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
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RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:149008 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:367640

TITLE: Surface molecular mobility and functionality for

amphiphilic copolymers having hydrophilic and/or

hydrophobic side-chains

AUTHOR(S): Komasatitaya, J.; Takahashi, S.; Saito, T.; Anzai, S.;

Kasemura, T.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Engineering Faculty, Gifu University, Gifu, 501-1193,

Japan

SOURCE: Transactions of the Materials Research Society of

Japan (2004), 29(1), 173-176 CODEN: TMRJE3; ISSN: 1382-3469

PUBLISHER: Materials Research Society of Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Comb polymers of Me methacrylate (MMA), methoxy-poly(ethylene glycol methacrylate) (MPEGMA) as hydrophilic component, and methoxypolypropylene glycol methacrylate (MPPGMA) or poly(dimethylsiloxane) methacrylate

(PDMSMA) as hydrophobic component, were synthesized by both living radical photo-polymerization and radical polymerization. The surface mol. mobility of

the

copolymers was studied via dynamic contact angle (DCA), adhesion tension relaxation (ATR), and XPS. The copolymers show high surface activity, suitable for use as emulsifiers. Emulsions containing the emulsifiers showed comparatively good emulsification and mech. properties. The copolymers had almost the same emulsification capability as com. low mol. weight emulsifiers. Differences in surface and interfacial tension of aqueous solns. of the copolymers were observed, attributed to chain arrangements (random or block sequence) of the copolymers. The copolymers are of interest for use as, e.g., blood compatible material, adhesives, PSA [pressure sensitive adhesives], and surface-active agents.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:117931 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:173103

TITLE: Hydrophobic group associative polymers and

compositions and methods employing them in thixotropic

well treatment fluids

INVENTOR(S): Benton, William J.; Miller, Edward E.; Magri, Neal F.;

Toups, John

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cabot Corporation, USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DAT	TE APPLI	ICATION NO.	DATE		
WO 2003012004	A1 200	030213 WO 20	002-US23755	20020726		
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU	U, AZ, BA, BB,	BG, BR, BY, BZ,	CA, CH, CN,		
CO, CR, CZ,	DE, DK, DM	M, DZ, EC, EE,	ES, FI, GB, GD,	GE, GH, GM,		
HR, HU, ID,	IL, IN, IS	S, JP, KE, KG,	KP, KR, KZ, LC,	LK, LR, LS,		
LT, LU, LV,	MA, MD, MG	G, MK, MN, MW,	MX, MZ, NO, NZ,	OM, PH, PL,		
PT, RO, RU,	SD, SE, SG	G, SI, SK, SL,	TJ, TM, TN, TR,	TT, TZ, UA,		
UG, UZ, VN,	YU, ZA, ZM	M, ZW				

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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
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             PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
             NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 20030114317
                               20030619
                                          US 2001-918410
                         Α1
                                                                  20010730
     US 7056868
                         В2
                               20060606
     CA 2455901
                        A1
                               20030213
                                          CA 2002-2455901
                                                                   20020726
                                           AU 2002-322676
    AU 2002322676
                         Α1
                               20030217
                                                                  20020726
     AU 2002322676
                         В2
                               20080828
     EP 1412449
                         Α1
                               20040428
                                           EP 2002-756685
                                                                  20020726
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK
     NO 2004000398
                         Α
                               20040329
                                           NO 2004-398
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2001-918410
                                                               A 20010730
                                            WO 2002-US23755
                                                               W 20020726
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
    Water soluble associative polymers and compns. comprising them together with
     alkali metal salts of carboxylic acid are disclosed. Methods include
     introducing into a wellbore a fluid comprising such associative polymers
     and alkali metal salts of carboxylic acid, e.g., cesium formate.
     Disclosed water soluble associative polymers have functionality including at
     least sulfonate groups, carboxylate groups and hydrophobic groups
```

of a carboxylic acid. Water soluble associative polymers are formed as the polymerization reaction product of reactants comprising an AMPS reactant, an alpha, beta-unsatd. carbonyl reactant and a hydrophobic reactant selected from acrylic esters, methacrylic esters and a mixture of any of them, having a - OOR moiety wherein R is a hydrophobic group and these hydrophobic groups are associative with one another in a saturated aqueous solution of an alkali

associative with one another in a saturated aqueous solution of an alkali

metal salt of a carboxylic acid.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (8 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:216100 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:264483

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 126:51231a,51234a

TITLE: Preparation of polymers from ethylenically unsaturated

monomers containing groups having repellency and affinity to particles in nonaqueous liquid media

containing a surfactant

INVENTOR(S): Kimpton, Paul T.; Houghton, Mark P.; Russell, Stephen

W .

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): National Starch and Chemical Investment Holding

Corporation, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 6 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 173,895,

abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

metal salt

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5612429	A	19970318	US 1995-420391	19950412
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-871449 B1	19920421
			US 1993-175895 B2	2 19931230

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB Random or block copolymers AmBnCp (A = ethylenically unsatd. monomers containing group extending away from particle surfaces dispersed in a nonaq. liquid; B = ethylenically unsatd. monomer containing group associating with particles; and, optionally, C = C2-6 ethylenically unsatd. mono- or dicarboxylic acid and their derivs., styrene, or vinyl acetate), useful in especially, nonaq. liquid cleaning agents, are prepared by free radical polymerization in a

nonaq. liquid medium containing a surfactant, ≤10% water and, optionally, an ester of a polyhydric alc. Thus, a mixture of acrylic acid 104, lauryl methacrylate 56, 2-acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid 1.6, isopropanol chain transfer agent 20 and deionized water 5 g was added over 3 h to 910 g Dobanol 91-6 (ethoxylated C9-11 alc.) at 80° then .apprx.10 g aqueous isopropanol removed under vacuum to give a polymer having 15% solids, ≤0.5% water and weight average mol. weight 12,000.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:180739 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:172058

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 126:33257a,33260a

TITLE: Preparation of chlorinated vinyl chloride resins with

low gelation temperature and good workability

INVENTOR(S): Nakachi, Takeshi; Kawaguchi, Yasuhiro; Pponda, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tokuyama Sekisui Ind Corp, Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09003122	A	19970107	JP 1995-171451	19950614
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1995-171451	19950614

AB The resins are prepared by chlorination of poly(vinyl chlorides) (PVC), which are obtained by emulsion polymerization of vinyl chloride monomer in aqueous

media in the presence of (i) monomer-soluble initiators, (ii) water-soluble macromol. emulsifiers, and (iii) vinyl chloride-base copolymers with d.p. <800 and containing 0.1-8% anionic or cationic hydrophilic sidechains as dispersing aids for acquiring PVC for chlorination with good workability. Thus, 3,645 g vinyl chloride was copolymd. with 259 g 2-hydroxypropyl acrylate and 15 g acid phosphoxyethyl methacrylate at 43-50° in MeOH to give a phosphoryl-containing polymer (I). Then, 100 parts vinyl chloride was polymerized at 58° in H2O in the presence of partially-saponified poly(vinyl alc.), hydroxypropyl Me cellulose, I, α -cumyl peroxyneodecanoate, and tert-Bu peroxyneodecanoate to give a PVC (d.p. 1,000) which was chlorinated at 70° with Cl gas while irradiating with UV light to 68.5% Cl content to give a chlorinated PVC showing gelation temperature 190° and heat distortion temperature 140° (ASTM D 648).

L17 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:149871 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:149871

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 118:25735a,25738a

TITLE: Polymeric dispersants for suspended solids in

nonaqueous liquid detergents

INVENTOR(S): Houghton, Mark Philip; Jurgens, Albertus; Kimpton,

Paul; Russell, Stephen William

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Unilever N. V., Neth.; Unilever PLC

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	CENT NO	Ο.			KIND)	DATE		API	PLICATION	NO.		DATE	נ
	EP	510762	2 2			A2	-	19921028		EP	1992-201	 1092	_	1992	20416
	EP	510762	2			АЗ		19940622							
	ΕP	510762	2			В1		19960306							
		R: (CH,	DE,	ES,	FR,	GB	, IT, LI,	NL,	SE	<u>c</u>				
	ES	208426	62			Т3		19960501		ES	1992-201	1092		1992	20416
	CA	206686	69			A1		19921024		CA	1992-200	56869		1992	20422
	ΑU	921510	06			Α		19921029		AU	1992-151	106		1992	20423
	ΑU	65434	4			В2		19941103							
	BR	920149	94			A		19921201		BR	1992-149	94		1992	20423
	JΡ	051405	599			A		19930608		JΡ	1992-104	1935		1992	20423
	ZA	920294	44			A		19931025		ZA	1992-294	14		1992	20423
PRIOR	RITY	APPL1	N. I	NFO	. :					GB	1991-866	55	Α	1991	.0423
AB	Αr	nonaq.	lic	quid	det	ergen	ıt o	compositi	on c	ont	aining s	suspended	so.	lids	(e.g.,

AB A nonaq. liquid detergent composition containing suspended solids (e.g., builders

and/or bleach) is stabilized against sedimentation by adding a copolymer of ≥1 monomer having a group with affinity for the solid particles and ≥1 monomer having a group with affinity for the liquid A copolymer of acrylic acid 64, 2-acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid 1, and lauryl methacrylate 35% was used as a dispersant in a laundry detergent composition containing liquid nonionic surfactants, Na2CO3, Na perborate

monohydrate, and additives.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 64 THERE ARE 64 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (66 CITINGS)

L17 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:181746 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:181746

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 112:30731a,30734a

TITLE: Preparation of rosin dispersions as internal sizes for

nonacidic paper

INVENTOR(S): Iwata, Noriyuki; Aoki, Hirofumi; Ishikawa, Yoshihide;

Hashiguchi, Yoshiharu; Hamada, Masao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Harima Chemicals, Inc., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 01221598	A	19890905	JP 1988-45428	19880227
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1988-45428	19880227

AB The title compns., with good storage stability and useful in closed papermaking systems without precipitation by hard water, are 25-60% dispersions of

80-99 parts fortified rosin and 20-1 parts dispersants prepared from saponified

copolymers of unsatd., hydrophobic group-forming unsatd. sulfonic acids or unsatd. sulfonic acids and hydrophobic group-forming comonomers. A .apprx.20% emulsion of 100%-sapond.polymer was prepared from 80% Na styrenesulfonate 43.8, Me methacrylate 10, Bu methacrylate 35, and stearyl methacrylate 20 parts. Adding 111 parts this emulsion over 5 min to 200 parts fortified rosin at 130° and adding 37 parts water (temperature 90°) gave a 63% water-in-oil emulsion which was mixed with 142.5 parts hot water to give an inverted dispersion (41% solids) with good storage stability and resistance to precipitation by recycled white water.

=> logoff hold COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 183.80 29.70 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -5.95 -8.50

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